Approved For Release 20 (3706) I TOLA-ROP8 FOR TRIBOPO 100160053-0

Executive Registry

State review(s) completed.

25 XATE: 13 1/20

23 MAY 1958

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Hearing - Senate Fereign Relations Committee

- 1. On Menday, 19 May, the Director and Mr. Robert Murphy, Deputy Under Secretary, Department of State, appeared before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, which was chaired by Senator Theodore Francis Green (D., R. I.). Also present were Republican Senators Alexander Wiley (Wis.), H. Alexander Smith (N. J.), Bourke B. Hickenlooper (Iowa), William Langer (N. Dak.), William F. Knowland (Calif.) (for a few minutes at the end only), George D. Aiken (Vt.) and Homer E. Capehart (Ind.). Democratic Senators present, in addition to Chairman Green, were Hubert H. Humphrey (Minn.), Mike Mansfield (Mont.), and Wayne Merse (Oreg.).
- 2. After Mr. Murphy had read his prepared statement, the Director spoke from notes on the evolution of Communist tactice from the hard approach of force in the Stalinist era to the present more subtle combination of economic approaches and penetration of and alliance with leftist elements. In South America this presented them with many opportunities. In the case of Venesuela the Communists came back into the country in force with the overthrow of Peres Jimenes. The Director pointed out that we could and did predict the possibilities of trouble and the nature of the trouble foreseen, but that CIA cannot predict the nature and spread of riots with any precision or the stability of security forces in a situation such as existed in Venesuela. The Chairman limited questioning by Committee members to five minutes apiece.
- 3. Senator Humphrey said his sole aim was to inform himself to look to the future and speke of his high regard for the Director and CIA. In connection with South American universities he asked if Department of State had adviced Vice President Nixon not to visit them. Mr. Murphy said that there had been considerable discussion of this and advice that

DOCUMENT NO				C	GC Has Rev	iewed
10 61148 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				The second secon	040	<u></u>
25 Alic: (27.7)	_			CP	C 3/4/2003	İ

Approved For Release 20030604 CIA-RDP80R01731R000100160053-0

perhaps the Vice President should not visit these at which the most serious treuble was expected and pointed out that in some degree the success of Mr. Nixon's contact with the students at Montevideo influenced him and his party to hope that similar successes could be developed in the succeeding visits. He pointed out that CIA had developed and given to State a large amount of specific information on the Caracas situation. He also said that in connection with the visit to the San Marco University the Vice President decided to go on after very grave doubts.

- 4. Senator Wiley said it was his understanding Vice President Nixen's visits were made on the decision of the Executive Branch that they would premote our foreign policy in the area and that the timing had been tied? to President Frondisi's inaugural. He said he understood there were specific invitations from each country and that visits such as these followed regular diplomatic tradition. He also said he felt that in this particular case the trouble could be turned to advantage by revealing and emphasizing to the South Americans themselves the nature of the Communist danger. He also asked if the Ambassaders from the countries concerned had not apologised so that relations currently were good.

 Mr. Murphy said this was true.
- 5. Senator Mansfield asked first for Mr. Murphy's comments about the letter Ambassador Warren at Ankara had sent to Pedro Estrada complimenting him on putting down the first revolt. Mr. Murphy pointed out that when Mr. Warren had been Ambassador in Venesuela it had been his duty to work with the regime of which Estrada was a part and, therefore, it was not too unnatural for him to write to his former associate. Mr. Murphy said, however, that he personally considered it a source of considerable embarrassment. Mr. Mansfield asked if Peres Jimenes did, as rumered in the papers, own property in Florida, D. C., and other places, and was bringing \$25,000,000 into the United States. Mr. Murphy said that State would not have specific information on such matters but agreed that probably Peres Jimenes was a wealthy man. Senator Mansfield then commented that he thought it was very unfortunate to have dispatched Marines and Paratreopers to the Caribbean with se much publicity, and asked if State had concurred. Mr. Murphy said yes the Secretary had concurred; that the decision was made in the light of the events as they saw them at the time, and it would be necessary to wait and see the longrun results. Senator Mansfield said that as a former Marine he knew the antipathy toward them in the area and Marines should not have been used in any case.

6.Approved Formelesses and account remains of the formula threat was a very recent development. Mr. Murphy said there had been a considerable period of evolution and growing Communist capability and that the economic decline in South America has speeded up and enhanced this capability during the last two years. Senator Smith asked if the Nixon trip was, therefore, in recognition of the growing problems, and Mr. Murphy said yes that was one of the considerations.

- 7. Senator Morse also asked why Marines were sent when other military forces were available in the area. Mr. Murphy said it was a matter of judgment and if no action had been taken and damage had occurred that too would have been criticised. Senator Morse asked for a report on what other forces were available, and Mr. Murphy said he would ask for such information. Senator Morse asked if the dispatch of Marines was done in anger or after careful consideration and if so what was the consideration. Mr. Murphy said there was very careful discussion of all aspects.
- 8. Senator Hickenlooper said he had noted considerable criticism that the United States had not been paying sufficient attention to South America and yet when we sent General LeMay on a spectacular flight to South America we get criticized for that too. He said it's a case of "Damned if you do and damned if you don't," and seemed to be the same with the Marines. He said the United States will also be accused of being and imperialist power if we deal with any current regime. He asked what excuse the Venezuelan authorities gave for the failure to keep order. Mr. Murphy said their excuses were not too satisfactory and the failure seemed due particularly to unawareness of the problem, and the fact that the old Estrada security forces had been dishanded and replaced by a new queffer.
- 9. Senator Aiken asked if the Communist activities were carried on by South American Gemmunists, net Russian. Mr. Murphy said that was true although they get the party line and targets from Moscow. Senator Aiken asked if we gave Peres Jimenes a medal, and Mr. Murphy said we had given him a Medal for Merit in 1954 and read from a paper the circumstances leading to that decoration.
- 10. Senator Capehart asked about the Vice President's itinerary and Mr. Maurice Bernbaum of State who had been with the Vice President answered. Senator Capehart asked if the rieters really were students and

25X1

3

Mr. Bernbaum said they were students who appeared to be egged on by older persons. Senator Capehart asked if there were any other means of dealing with such Communist activities than with strength, and Mr. Murphy said strength must be available but it is necessary to counter Communism in many ways. Senator Capehart asked if it had not been necessary for the President to have troops ready since peaceful protection had failed, and Mr. Murphy agreed.

- li. Senator Green asked if the Government knew much about international Communism. The Director said we had a great deal of information and that it is a vast organisation which works through the hard core elements worldwide, controlled through the Party itself. Senator Green asked if it were a secret activity and the Director said it was.
- Murphy and the Director for their presentations. At the end Senator Morse said he wanted the witnesses back for more questioning, and Senator Humphrey said he toe wished more information, particularly what is being dene prepagandawise to counter the Seuth American problem. He also wanted information on the economic and educational problems and policies in South America. Senator Mansfield asked if a newspaper rumor was true that the Vice President was two minutes from death. Mr. Bernbaum said yes, if his car had gene over as it nearly did the Vice President probably would not have getten out of it. He commented on the splendid jeb the Secret Service had dene.

SIGNED

LAWRENCE R. HOUSTON General Counsel

OGC:LRH:mks
Orig: DCI
cc: MDCI
DD/P

Legislative Counsel General Counsel